

The Anti-Social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014

BIRMINGHAM CITY COUNCIL (Edgbaston) PUBLIC SPACE PROTECTION ORDER 2017

Public Space Protection Order

**The Order shall come into force on Monday
***** 2017 at 00:00hrs**

If you do not obey the order you will be committing a criminal offence and may be prosecuted by the Council within a Magistrates' Court for an offence under Section 59 of the Anti-Social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014

THIS ORDER is made by Birmingham City Council ("the Council") under section 59 of the Anti-Social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 (the Act), because the Council is satisfied on reasonable grounds that there are a number of activities, carried out or likely to be carried out in a public space, namely the area of Edgbaston, Birmingham shown outlined on the map attached (the restricted area) that have had, or are likely to have, a detrimental effect on the quality of life of those in the locality. The effect or likely effect of these activities is of a persistent or continuing nature such as to make these activities unreasonable, and justifies the restrictions imposed by this order.

These activities include:

- **Anti-social behaviour caused by groups of people or individuals in public spaces;**
- **Obstructing Footpaths;**
- **Loitering and obstructing highways;**
- **Unlicensed drinking;**
- **Curb Crawling;**
- **Vehicle noise nuisance;**

THIS ORDER PROHIBITS the following things being done in any public space in the restricted area AND REQUIRES specified things to be done by persons carrying on specified activities in the Restricted Area,

Definitions

“Authorised Person” means a Police Constable, Police Community Support Officer or Council Officer, and must be able to present their authority upon request.

“Restricted Area” shown outlined on the map attached.

1. Groups

- a. An Authorised Person may request that an individual, or a group, within the Restricted Area disperse, where they reasonably suspect any person in that group is causing, or is likely to cause nuisance, alarm, harassment or distress to any other person.
- b. A person is prohibited from remaining (either individually or in a group of two or more people) within the Restricted Area after an Authorised Person has requested that the group disperse.
- c. This prohibition does not restrict an individual’s right to freedom of association and speech.

2. Verbal abuse

- a. A person is prohibited from being verbally abusive to any other person within the Restricted Area.

3. Violence

- a. A person is prohibited from using or threatening to use violence against any person within the Restricted Area.

4. Alcohol

- a. An Authorised Officer may request that a person stops drinking alcohol where they reasonably suspect a person is causing, or is likely to cause, nuisance and/or disorder.
- b. A person is prohibited from refusing to stop drinking alcohol when asked to do so by an Authorised Officer in the Restricted Area.
- c. A person is required to hand over any open/unopened or sealed containers believed to contain alcohol (even if empty) when asked to do so by an Authorised Officer in the Restricted Area.
- d. An Authorised Officer may request that a person hands over any open/unopened or sealed containers believed to contain alcohol (even if empty) where they reasonably suspect a person is causing, or is likely to cause, nuisance and/or disorder.
- e. The Restricted Area does not include frontages of licensed premises which are covered by licensing legislation.

5. Obstructing Footpaths

- a. An Authorised Officer may request that a person remove themselves from the footpath where they reasonably suspect a person is causing, or is likely to cause, nuisance and/or disorder.
- b. A person is prohibited from refusing to remove themselves when asked to do so by an Authorised Officer in the Restricted Area.

6. Begging

- a. A person is prohibited from approaching any other person for the purposes of obtaining money by begging
- b. A person is prohibited from positioning to beg
- c. an Authorised Officer may request that a person stop this activity where they reasonably suspects a person is causing, or is likely to cause, nuisance and/or disorder.

7. Loitering on the highway

- a. A person is prohibited from persistently loitering on a public highway and causing motorists to stop unlawfully.
- b. An Authorised Officer may request that a person stop this activity where they reasonably suspect a person is causing or is likely to cause, nuisance and/or disorder.

8. Vehicle Nuisance

- a. A person is prohibited from persistently driving a vehicle within the Restricted Area between the hours of 1900 - 0700 for the purposes of engaging with sex workers.
- b. A person is prohibited from playing loud music from a stationary vehicle within the restricted area.
- c. An Authorised Officer May request that a person stop these activities where they reasonably suspect a person is causing or is likely to cause, nuisance and/or disorder.

REQUIREMENTS

1. Alcohol

- a. Any person aged 18 years or over who is subject to this Order under section 4 and/or 5 and where deemed appropriate, must attend an assessment with Change, Grow, Live (CGL).
- b. Any person aged under the age of 18 years who is subject of this Order under section 4 and/or 5 and where deemed appropriate, must attend an assessment with Aquarius.

2. Verbal Abuse, Violence

- a. Any young person under the age of 18 years made subject of this order under sections 2, 3 & 6 must attend an assessment with the Youth Offending Service .

Any person who fails to attend an assessment when required to do so under section 1 & 2 of the requirements will be in breach of the Public Space Protection Order

THIS ORDER WILL BE IN FORCE FOR A PERIOD OF ** MONTHS AND WILL EXPIRE ON SUNDAY***20** AT 23:59 Hrs.**

Penalty on breach (s67 of the Act)

It is an offence for a person, without reasonable excuse, to:

- Do anything that the person is prohibited from doing by a PSPO (other than consume alcohol - see below); or
- Fail to comply with a requirement to which the person is subject under a PSPO.

A person does not commit an offence by failing to comply with a prohibition or requirement that the Council did not have power to include in the PSPO. A person guilty of an offence is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.

Consuming alcohol in breach of a public space protection order is not an offence under s67 of the Act. However, under s63 of the Act it is an offence to fail to comply with a request by a constable or authorised person to cease drinking or surrender alcohol that a person is, or has been, or intends to, drink in breach of the prohibition in the PSPO. This is also liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 2 on the standard scale. If alcohol is confiscated, it can be disposed of by the person who confiscates it.

Depending on the behaviour in question, the enforcing officer could decide that a fixed penalty notice (FPN) would be the most appropriate sanction. The FPN can be issued by a police officer, or other authorised person. In making the decision to issue a FPN, the officer should consider that if issued, payment of the FPN would discharge any liability to conviction for the offence. However, where the FPN is not paid within the required timescale, court proceedings can be initiated (prosecution for the offence or failing to comply with the PSPO).

Right to appeal this order

You have the right of appeal against this Notice to the Birmingham High Court as appropriate within a period of 6 weeks beginning with the date of service of the order by an interested person. An interested person is someone who lives in, regularly works in, or visits the restricted area. This means that only those who are directly affected by the restrictions have the power to challenge. This right to challenge also exists where an order is varied by a council.

Interested persons can challenge the validity of a PSPO on two grounds. They could argue that the council did not have power to make the order, or to include particular prohibitions or requirements. In addition, the interested person could argue that one of the requirements (for instance consultation) had not been complied with.

When the application is made, the High Court can decide to suspend the operation of the PSPO pending the verdict in part or in totality. The High Court has the ability to uphold the PSPO, quash it, or vary it.

Robert James (Director of Housing) Birmingham City Council

SIGNED

DATED

***** (Superintendent) West Midlands Police

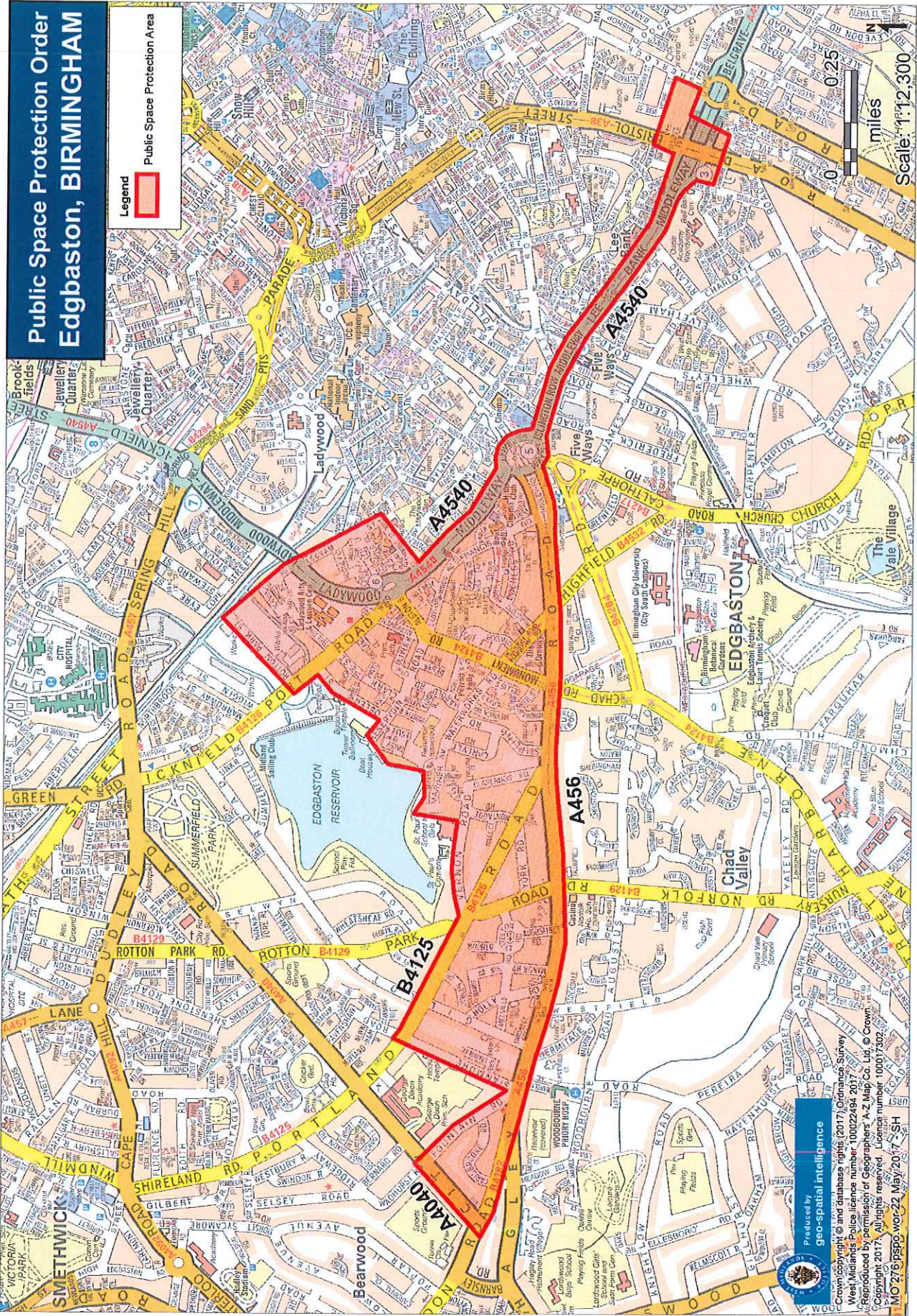
SIGNED

DATED

Public Space Protection Order Edgbaston, BIRMINGHAM

Legend

Public Space Protection Area



Produced by
geo-spatial intelligence

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